

2010 Census Data – 5-Year Income Estimates for Study Area



Appendix U. American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates for Income, Poverty, and Race/Ethnicity for the Shoreline Phase I Study Area

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	Census Tract 5046.02, Santa Clara County, California						Census Tract 5050.09, Santa Clara County, California						
	Total		Below Poverty Level		Percentage Below Poverty Level		Total		Below Poverty Level		Percentage Below Poverty Level		
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	
Median Household Income (dollars)	52,202	±35,786	NA	NA	NA	NA	75,082	±12,306	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Population for whom poverty status is determined	1,471	±279	230	±150	15.6%	±10.1	6,026	±584	646	±243	10.7%	±4.1	
By Age													
Under 18 years	286	±145	32	±36	11.2%	±13.3	1,523	±315	152	±129	10.0%	±8.5	
Related children under 18 years	286	±145	32	±36	11.2%	±13.3	1,523	±315	152	±129	10.0%	±8.5	
18 to 64 years	981	±207	198	±133	20.2%	±12.5	4,214	±412	467	±160	11.1%	±3.6	
65 years and over	204	±108	0	±132	0.0%	±17.7	289	±121	27	±30	9.3%	±10.2	
By Race and Ethnicity													
One race	1,424	±274	230	±150	16.2%	±10.4	5,786	±602	601	±238	10.4%	±4.1	
White	674	±275	87	±63	12.9%	±10.7	2,652	±455	410	±235	15.5%	±7.9	
Black or African American	23	±37	23	±37	100.0%	±68.6	675	±280	89	±116	13.2%	±17.9	
American Indian or Alaska Native	0	±132	0	±132	_	**	0	±132	0	±132	_	**	
Asian	146	±113	0	±132	0.0%	±23.6	1,551	±272	54	±61	3.5%	±3.9	
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0	±132	0	±132	_	**	10	±18	0	±132	0.0%	±100.0	
Some other race	581	±273	120	±135	20.7%	±19.8	898	±556	48	±76	5.3%	±6.7	
Two or more races	47	±58	0	±132	0.0%	±48.0	240	±140	45	±54	18.8%	±22.3	
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	1,026	±335	170	±140	16.6%	±12.7	1,595	±564	215	±135	13.5%	±7.4	
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	213	±106	37	±39	17.4%	±17.8	2,025	±318	261	±214	12.9%	±9.9	
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Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2006–2010 American Community Survey

## Explanation of Symbols:

<sup>1.</sup> A '\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error.



Census Tract 5046.02, Santa Clara County, California						Census Tract 5050.09, Santa Clara County, California					
Total	otal	Below Poverty Level		Percentage Below Poverty Level		Total		Below Poverty Level		Percentage Below Poverty Level	
Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error

A statistical test is not appropriate.

- 2. A '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 3. A '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 4. A '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 5. A '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 6. A '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
- 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.
- 9. NA means not applicable to the subject.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90-percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90-percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error. The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

